Name:

**Enrolment No:** 



## **UPES**

## **End Semester Examination, May 2024**

**Course: Financial Data Analysis** 

**Program: B. Sc. (Mathematics by Research)** 

**Course Code: MATH 4017P** 

Semester: VIII
Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

## **Instructions: Attempt all questions.**

SECTION A	
(5Qx4M=20Marks)	

S. No.		Marks	CO	
Q 1	Illustrate continuous compounding with suitable example.	4	CO1	
Q 2	Find the monthly log return if the monthly simple return of an asset is 4.56%.	4	CO3	
Q 3	Describe effect of volatility in stock market.	4	CO2	
Q 4	Define normalization for coherent risk measure.	4	CO3	
Q 5	Show that a security that always has higher return in all future states has less risk of loss.	4	CO2	
	SECTION B			
	(4Qx10M= 40 Marks)			
Q 6	Discuss auto regressive integrated moving average (p, 1, q) model.	10	CO3	
Q 7	Discuss the properties of ARCH model.	10	CO2	
Q 8	Define nonstationary time series process with suitable examples.	10	CO2	
0.0	Differentiate between conditional and unconditional variance.  OR	10	COL	
Q 9	What is the difference between stochastic volatility model and local volatility model?	10	CO1	
	SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)			
Q 10	Compute seasonal indices from the following financial time series data using method of link relative:	20	CO3	

	Quaterly output of coal for 4 years						
	Year/Quaters	I	II	III	IV		
	1928	65	58	56	61		
	1929	68	63	63	67		
	1930	70	59	56	52		
	1931	60	55	51	58		
Q 11	Consider the	following (	Generalized A	AutoRegressive	e Conditional		
	Heteroscedastic	model (GA	ARCH (1, 1))	CH (1, 1)): $\sigma_t^2 = \omega + \alpha x_{t-1}^2 + \beta \sigma_{t-1}^2$ ,			
	where $\omega, \alpha, \beta \geq 0$ and $\alpha + \beta < 1$ . Show that $E(\sigma_{t+k}^2) = Var$ iance in the						
	long run.	,		CUINS			
		20	CO2				
	Consider the following						
	$\varphi_2 X_{t-2} + Z_t$ . F						
	1.89, -1.13, -3.82, -5.08, -4.42. Find the values of $\rho(1)$ , $\rho(2)$ , $\gamma(1)$ ,						
	$\gamma(2)$ .(Symbol)	having their u	isual meaning.	)			