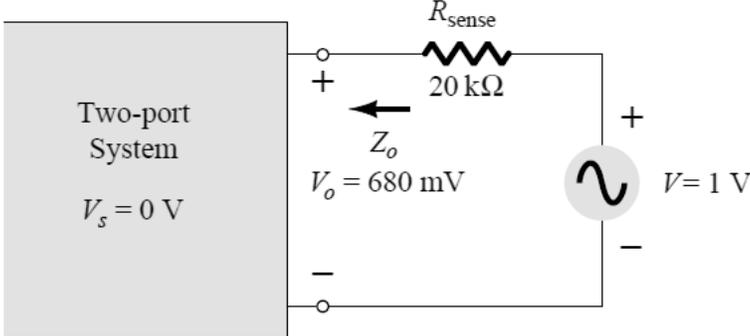


<b>Name:</b> <b>Enrolment No:</b>			
<b>UPES</b> <b>End Semester Examination, December, 2023</b>			
<b>Programme Name: B Tech– Electronics and Communication Engineering</b>		<b>Semester : III</b>	
<b>Course Name : Analog Electronics-I</b>		<b>Time : 3 hr</b>	
<b>Course Code : ECEG-2011</b>		<b>Max. Marks: 100</b>	
<b>Nos. of page(s) : 03</b>			
<b>Instructions: Attempt all the sections.</b>			
<b>SECTION A (5Qx4M=20Marks)</b>			
S. No.	<b>Attempt all the questions.</b>	<b>Marks</b>	<b>CO</b>
Q 1	Defend the physical significance of operating point (Q) location on DC load line of Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT). Show the optimal position of Q through DC load line and what will be the effect on the performance of transistor based amplifier if Q deviates from its original position.	<b>4</b>	<b>CO1</b>
Q2	For the system of Fig. (1), determine the level of output impedance. <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. (1)</p>	<b>4</b>	<b>CO1</b>
Q3	Sketch and analyze the transconductance curve which gives us the relationship between drain current ( $I_D$ ) and gate-to-source voltage ( $V_{GS}$ ).	<b>4</b>	<b>CO2</b>
Q4	Define the terms for Junction field effect transistor (JFET), (a) A. C. drain resistance ( $r_d$ ) (b) Amplification factor ( $\mu$ ) (c) Input resistance ( $R_i$ )	<b>2+1+1</b>	<b>CO3</b>
Q5	Write the overall gain ‘A’ of the three-stage operation amplifier as connected in the series connection. <u>Note:</u> First op-amp is Non-inverting and rest two op-amps are inverting. Draw the connection diagram also.	<b>4</b>	<b>CO4</b>

**SECTION B (4Qx10M= 40 Marks)**

Q 6 For the CE amplifier shown in Fig. (2), following data are given:  
 $h_{ie} = 1.1k\Omega$ ,  $h_{re} = 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $h_{fe} = 50$ ,  $h_{oe} = 24\mu A/V$ .  
 Calculate:  $A_i$ ,  $A_v$ ,  $R_i$ ,  $A_{is}$  and  $A_{vs}$  for  $R_L = 10 k\Omega$ .

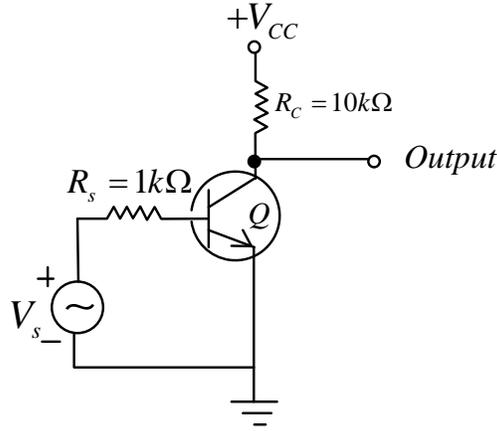


Fig. (2)

**10 CO1**

Q7 Compare Junction field effect transistor (JFET) and Metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor (MOSFET).  
 An N-channel JFET has  $I_{DSS} = 8mA$  and  $V_P = -5V$ . Find the minimum value of  $V_{DS}$  for pinch-off region and the drain current  $I_{DS}$ , for  $V_{GS} = -2V$  in the pinch-off region.

**10 CO2**

Q8 Determine the following for the network of Fig. (3),  
 (a)  $V_{GSQ}$  (b)  $I_{DQ}$  (c)  $V_{DS}$  (d)  $V_D$  (e)  $V_G$  (f)  $V_S$

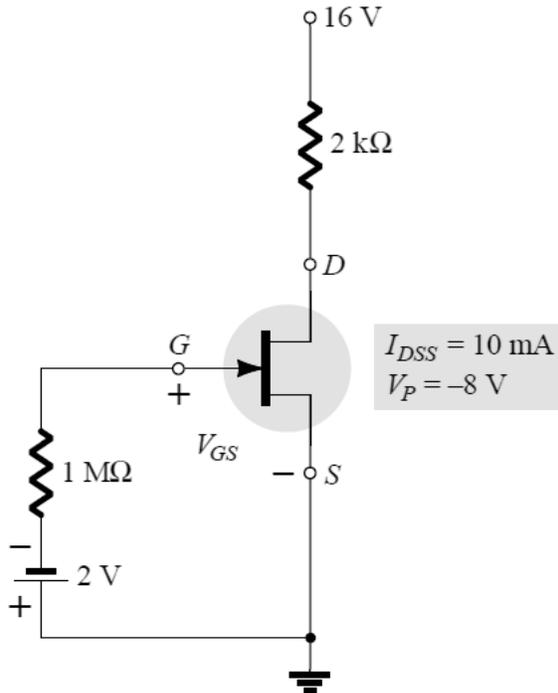
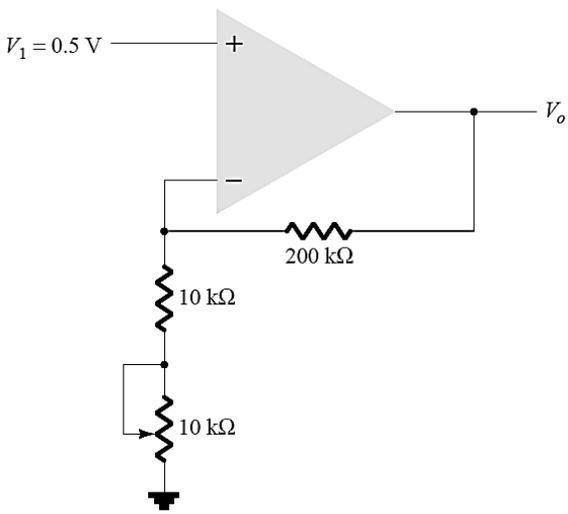
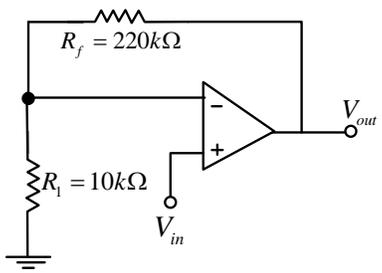


Fig. (3)

**10 CO3**

Q9	<p>Derive the expression of voltage gain for inverting operation amplifier. What will be range of voltage gain for the given operation amplifier circuit as shown in Fig. (4).</p>  <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Fig. (4)</b></p>	<b>10</b>	<b>CO4</b>
<b>SECTION-C (2Qx20M=40 Marks)</b>			
Q 10	<p>(a) Determine the input and output impedances of the amplifier in Fig. (5). The op-amp data sheet gives <math>Z_{in}=2M\Omega</math>, <math>Z_{out}=75\Omega</math> and open loop gain of 200,000. Also determine the closed voltage gain and feedback fraction.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Fig. (5)</b></p> <p>(b) Show the connection of three op-amp stages using an LM348 IC to provide outputs that are 10, 20, and 50 times larger than the input. Use a feedback resistor of <math>R_f = 500\text{ k}\Omega</math> in all stages.</p>	<b>10+10</b>	<b>CO3</b>
Q11	<p>(a) Show the connection of an LM124 quad op-amp as a three-stage amplifier with gains of +10, -18, and -27. Use a 270kΩ feedback resistor for all three circuits. What output voltage will result for an input of 150 μV?</p> <p>(b) Design and analyze the following any two applications of operation amplifier,</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Averaging operation amplifier</li> <li>(ii) Subtractor operation amplifier</li> <li>(iii) Integrator operation amplifier</li> </ol>	<b>10+10</b>	<b>CO4</b>