


Name:													
Enrolment No:													
UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, December- 2022													
Course Name: Economic Geology		Semester: V											
Programme Name: B. Sc, Geology (Hons)		Time: 03 hrs											
Course Code: PEGS 3026		Max. Marks: 100											
SECTION A			(5Qx04M = 20 Marks)										
Q 1	a. MCR stands for ---- b. The oldest BIF formed by ----- c. Hydrothermal deposits found in folded strata consisting of alternate hard and soft rocks known as ----- d. Comb structure found associated with -----deposit	04	CO1										
Q 2	Match the column <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Raptian</td> <td>Non-volcanic</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Violarite</td> <td>Oxide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Apron zone</td> <td>Nickel</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Veinlet/ stringer</td> <td>stockwork</td> </tr> </table>	A	B	Raptian	Non-volcanic	Violarite	Oxide	Apron zone	Nickel	Veinlet/ stringer	stockwork	04	CO1
A	B												
Raptian	Non-volcanic												
Violarite	Oxide												
Apron zone	Nickel												
Veinlet/ stringer	stockwork												
Q 3	Identify the most important source of minerals for VMS deposit	04	CO2										
Q 4	Critically examine the role of pyrite in formation of Supergene deposits	04	CO4										
Q 5	Nugget Effect is bias/ blessing in sampling, analyze	04	CO3										
SECTION B			(4Qx10M = 40 Marks)										
Q 6	Organize the factors responsible for the formation of hydrothermal deposits, highlighting the importance of temperature	10	CO4										
Q 7	Differentiate between fractional & alternate shoveling	10	CO2										
Q 8	Discuss the influence of chemical and physical characteristics of rock in the localization of hydrothermal ore deposits.	10	CO2										
Q 9	There is an ore deposit having an area of 15 sq. kms with a vertical extension of of12 mtrs. The bulk density of the ore is 3500 kg/m ³ . Calculate the reserve in million tons.	10	CO3										
SECTION C			(2Qx20M = 40 Marks)										
Q 10	The initial cash outlay of a Bauxite deposit is 2,00,000. The cash inflows will be 40000, 30000, 20000, and 50000 in 4 years. Calculate the NPV and judge the project viability.	20	CO3										

Q 11

Using neat sketch, differentiate between included & extended area methods of Reserve estimation. With the given set of information and Schematic, calculate the ore reserve for deposit A

Easting (in mtrs)	Northing (in mtrs)
1100	1200
1500	1200
1100	800

Corresponding thickness= 3, 5 & 4 mtrs respectively.

The average density of ore is 1.5 ton/ m³.

20

CO4

