

Name:

Enrolment No:



UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES
End Semester Examination, Jan 2021

Course: B.Sc.(H) Chemistry
Program: Inorganic chemistry I
Course Code: CHEM 1003

Semester: I
Time: 03 hrs.
Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Read the instructions given below carefully:
All questions are compulsory.

SECTION A

Instructions:

- 1. Each Question will carry 5 Marks**
- 2. Answer should be short**
- 3. You have to very careful to write the answer.**

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Explain which of compound of the following pairs is more covalent i) CuO or CuS ii) AgCl or NaCl iii) LiCl or KCl iv) SnCl ₂ or SnCl ₄ v) AlCl ₃ or GaCl ₃	5	CO3
Q 2	Explain the following i) The dipole moment of NH ₃ is greater than that of NF ₃ ii) SO ₂ has dipole moment while CO ₂ does not	5	CO3
Q 3	Explain the following with reasoning i) LiI is soluble in H ₂ O while LiF is not ii) Solubility of halides of a given metal increases in the order Fluoride<Chloride<Bromide<Iodide	5	CO3
Q 4	What is meant by polarizing power of cation and polarizability of anion?	5	CO3
Q 5	The bond order of He ₂ , O ₂ ⁻² and N ₂ ⁺ will be _____, _____ and _____ respectively.	5	CO3

Q 6	Define the following a) Ionization energy b) Electron enthalpy	5	CO2
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SECTION B

Instructions:

1. Each question will carry 10 marks
2. Write short/brief notes of 1-2 page answer.
3. Draw the neat diagram, to justify your answer as well as to score higher marks.

Q 1	i) Discuss the effect of intermolecular and intramolecular hydrogen bonding on boiling point of a liquid ii) Explain Bent's rule. On the basis of Bent's rule draw the structure of PF ₂ Cl ₃ and SF ₂ Cl ₂	10	CO3
Q 2	i) What is radius ratio? What is its significance in case of ionic crystals? ii) What are n-type and p-type semi-conductors?	10	CO3
Q 3	i) Which set of the following quantum numbers are not permitted? Explain. [5 marks] a) n = 2, l = 2, m = -1, s = +1/2 b) n = 2, l = 1, m = -1 or 0, s = -1/2 c) n = 2, l = 0, m = 0, s = 0 d) n = 2, l = 1, m = 2, s = +1/2 e) n = 3, l = 2, m = 1, s = -1/2 ii) Calculate the uncertainty in the velocity of an electron if the uncertainty in its position is 10 ⁻¹⁰ m (mass of electron = 9.1 X 10 ⁻³¹ kg). [3 marks] iii) The kinetic energy of sub-atomic particle is 5.85 X 10 ⁻²⁵ J. Calculate the frequency of the particle wave. (h = 6.626 X 10 ⁻³⁴ kg m ² s ⁻¹) [2 marks]	10	CO1
Q 4	Draw and explain Molecular orbital diagram of Carbon monoxide. Explain which one has higher bond order CO or CO ⁺ . Give suitable reasoning.	10	CO3
Q 5	a) Arrange the following in increasing order of mentioned trend, with suitable reasoning. i) F, Cl, Br, I, At (electron affinity) ii) S ²⁻ , Cl ⁻ , Ca ²⁺ , K ⁺ (ionic size) b) Explain shape of following molecules ClF ₃ , SF ₆ , PCl ₃ .	5+5	CO2

SECTION C

Instructions:

1. Question is of 20 marks

2. Write long answer.

3. Draw the neat diagram, to justify your answer as well as to score higher marks.

4. Internal choices is there attempt any one of them.

Q 1	<p>i) Derive Schrodinger's wave equation [8 marks]</p> <p>ii) Discuss the significance of Ψ and Ψ^2 [6 marks]</p> <p>iii) Explain radial probability curve of 1s and 2p [6 marks]</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>i) Discuss postulates and limitation of Bohr's atomic model? [8 marks]</p> <p>ii) What do you understand by(a) radial probability R^2 (b) Radial probability function $4\pi r^2 R^2$ [6 marks]</p> <p>iii) What do you understand by quantum numbers. Briefly explain significance of each of them. [6 marks]</p>	20	CO1
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