

Roll No.

SAP ID



SET B

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES
End Semester Examination, July 2020
Open Book – Through Blackboard Learning Management System

Course: Law of Crimes III: Code of Criminal Procedure II, Juvenile Justice Act and Probation of offenders Act

Course Code: CLCC 2007

Semester: IV

Programme: B.COM. LL.B. (Hons.) Taxation/ Media & Entertainment Laws 2018; B.Sc., LL.B. (Hons.) Intellectual Property Rights/Food, Health and Environment Law/Medical and Forensic Law 2018

Time: 03 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

As this examination is in open-book format, the students are expected to demonstrate a very high degree of Academic Integrity and not copy contents from resources referred. Instructors would look for understanding of the concept by the students and any similarity found from resources online/ offline shall be penalized in terms of deduction of marks and even cancellation of paper in requisite cases. The online examination committee of the School would also look for similarity of two answer scripts and if answer scripts of two or more students are found similar, both the answer scripts shall be treated as copied and lead to cancellation of the paper. In view of the aforesaid points, the students are warned that they should desist from using any unfair means.

All Questions are Compulsory
Answer each question in not more than 500 words

S. No.		Marks	CO
1	Under Article 72 and Article 161, the President and Governor respectively have the power to pardons, reprieves, respites or remission of punishment or to suspend remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence. Explain the scope of these powers under Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.	20	CO4
Ans.			
2	<i>“It has been well said by Mr. Wilt chamberlain that “nobody is perfect”. The same is true with respect to the judges as well. Judgments by them are not infallible. There are chances of mistake and error being occurred despite all the provisions for ensuring a fair trial and a just decision. To make sure that the victim to the case do not suffer any harm and the society is not put into danger because of any sort of error or mistake by the judges concerned, the law provides for the provisions of appeal by which the cases concerned can be reheard by the higher court to provide every possible remedy to person aggrieved by the adjudication of the court.”</i>	20	CO1 CO2

	In light of the above statement, examine the provisions relating to appeal against acquittal.		
Ans.			
3	Nagraj, a scientist was alleged to have committed rape on W, a young woman, who used to work with him. She made a report to this effect to the police station. Nagraj, apprehending his arrest, moves an application for anticipatory bail. Decide with the help of provision of law and relevant case laws.	20	CO2
Ans.			
4	Discuss the principles laid down by the Supreme Court in the matter of grant of bail in non-bailable offences and the considerations which should be taken into account by a court if subsequently an application for cancellation of bail already granted to an accused is filed before the court.	20	CO1
Ans.			
5	Explain the scope of functioning of Juvenile Justice Board, Children's Court and Child Welfare Committee.	20	CO3
Ans.			

I,, understand that submitting work that isn't my own may result in failure in this paper and I may also be subject to Disciplinary Proceedings as per the Academic Integrity policy of the University.

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