


<b>Name:</b>	
<b>Enrolment No:</b>	
<b>UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES</b>	
<b>End Semester Examination, May 2020</b>	
<b>Course: Software Engineering and Project Management</b>	<b>Semester: IV</b>
<b>Course Code: CSEG 2008</b>	<b>Time: 2 Hrs.</b>
<b>Programme: B Tech (CSE+IoT)</b>	<b>Max. Marks: 100</b>
<b>Instructions: Attempt All Questions</b>	

M C	A process of software development where requirements are broken down into multiple standalone modules of software development cycle	Waterfall model	incremental	RAD model	incremental	Evolutionary process model	incremental	Incremental process model	incremental
M C	In RAD model, information gathered in business modeling phase is reviewed and analyzed to form sets of data objects vital for business in	business modeling	incremental	process modeling	incremental	data modeling	incremental	deployment modeling	incremental

M C	Developer often make implementation compromises in order to get a prototype working	constantly	slowly	quickly	randomly
M C	Which of the following is a phase of RAD model?	Business modelling	Data modelling	Application generation	All of the above
M C	A cross life-cycle activity of system development is	Data modelling	Fact finding	Prototyping	Data Flow Diagram modelling
M C	Which model is most popular for student's small projects?	Waterfall model	Spiral model	Quick and fix model	Prototyping model
M C	Which is not a software life cycle model?	Waterfall model	Spiral model	Capability maturity model	Prototyping model

M C	SRS stands for	Software requirements solution	incorrect	System requirements specification	incorrect	Software requirements specification	correct	none of given	incorrect
M C	Which phase is not available in software life cycle?	Coding	incorrect	Testing	incorrect	Maintenance	incorrect	Abstraction	correct
M C	The development is supposed to proceed linearly through the phase in	Spiral model	incorrect	Waterfall model	correct	Prototyping model	incorrect	None of the above	incorrect
M C	Project risk factor is considered in	Spiral model	correct	Iterative model	incorrect	Prototyping model	incorrect	Waterfall model	incorrect
M C	A project has expenditure of 180 lacs and the revenues at the end of each year are 64, 80, 100, 125 and 105 lacs. The Payback period is estimated as ____ years	2.45	Incorrect	2.54	Incorrect	2.28	Incorrect	2.36	Correct

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M C	A system has 15 user inputs (Average), 10 user outputs (High), 5 user inquiries (High), 8 internal logical files (Low) and 4 external interface (High). The UFP Count is ____	236	I n c o r r e c t	248	I n c o r r e c t	244	I n c o r r e c t	256	C o r r e c t
M C	A project has expenditure of 180 lacs and the revenues at the end of each year are 64, 80, 100, 125 and 105 lacs. The NPV assuming 12.5 percent discount rate is ____ lacs	141.89	I n c o r r e c t	143.37	I n c o r r e c t	146.63	C o r r e c t	151.89	I n c o r r e c t
M C	Assume that the size of an organic type software product has been estimated to be 32,000 lines of source code. Assume that the average salary of software engineers be Rs. 15,000/- per month. Determine the effort required to develop the software product and the nominal development time. From the basic COCOMO estimation formula for organic software: From the basic COCOMO estimation formula for organic software: Nominal Development Time is	14 months	C o r r e c t	12 months	I n c o r r e c t	15 months	I n c o r r e c t	19 months	I n c o r r e c t
M C	Project A is to be a 32,000 LOC semi-detached software. It is in a mission critical area, so the reliability is high (RELY=high=1.15). Then calculate: EFFORT	268	I n c o r r	168	I n c o r r	167	C o r r e	267	I n c o r r

			e c t		e c t		c t		e c t
M C	Project A is to be a 32,000 DSI semi-detached software. It is in a mission critical area, so the reliability is high (RELY=high=1.15). Then calculate:SCHEDULE	14 months	I n c o r r e c t	12 months	I n c o r r e c t	15 month s	C o r r e c t	19 months	I n c o r r e c t
M C	Project A is to be a 32,000 DSI semi-detached software. It is in a mission critical area, so the reliability is high (RELY=high=1.15). Then calculate:Productivity	192	C o r r e c t	178	I n c o r r e c t	191	I n c o r r e c t	198	I n c o r r e c t
M C	A company wants to start a Project and to calculate its feasibility,The Projects uses the model as an equation to estimate the desired values such as cost, time, effort, etc. They all depend on the same variable used as predictor (say, size). mind Company deduced that the project they are using is of size 500 KLOC, Based on the data given calculate EFFORT	453.0751	C o r r e c t	553.0751	I n c o r r e c t	653.07 51	I n c o r r e c t	463.0 751	I n c o r r e c t
M C	A company wants to start a Project and to calculate its feasibility,The Projects uses the model as an equation to estimate the desired values such as cost, time, effort, etc. They all depend on the same variable used as predictor (say, size). mind Company deduced that the project they are using is of size 500 KLOC, Based on the data given if Company need to calculate what will be the documentation size	3812.407	I n c o r r e c t	6757.128	I n c o r r e c t	8164.8 2	C o r r e c t	9012.76 5	I n c o r r e c t
M C	A company wants to start a Project and to calculate its feasibility,The Projects uses the model as an equation to estimate the desired values such as cost, time, effort, etc. They all depend on the same variable used as predictor (say, size). mind Company deduced that the project	565.12	I n c o r r	45.890	I n c o r r	23.146 8	C o r r e c t	314.765	I n c o r r

	they are using is of size 500 KLOC, Based on the data given what will be the duration of the project		e c t		e c t			e c t	
M C	A company wants to start a Project and to calculate its feasibility, There is another method which states that there is some models which are often based on equation (i), they actually depend on several variables representing various aspects of the software development environment, for example method used, user participation, customer oriented changes, memory constraints, etc. Company deduced that the project they are using is of size 500 KLOC, Based on the data given Effort required is	3321.875	I n c o r r e c t	1486.162	C o r r e c t	1678.3 45	I n c o r r e c t	2345.1 234	I n c o r r e c t
M C	A company wants to start a Project and to calculate its feasibility, There is another method which states that there is some models which are often based on equation (i), they actually depend on several variables representing various aspects of the software development environment, for example method used, user participation, customer oriented changes, memory constraints, etc. Company deduced that the project they are using is of size 500 KLOC, Based on the data given what will be the duration of the project	67.1234	I n c o r r e c t	89.5678	I n c o r r e c t	651.89 01	I n c o r r e c t	38.4072	C o r r e c t
M C	Which of the following is not included in SRS ?	Performance	i n c o r r e c t	Functionality	i n c o r r e c t	Design solutio ns	c o r r e c t	External Interfac es	i n c o r r e c t
M C	The SRS document is also known as _____ specification.	black-box	c o r r e c t	white-box	i n c o r r e c t	grey- box	i n c o r r e c t	none of the mentio ned	i n c o r r e c t
M C	What kind of approach was introduced for elicitation and modelling to give a functional view of the system?	Object Oriented	i n c	Use Cases (by Jacobson)	c o r r	Fusion (by	i n c	Object Modelin g	i n c

		Design (by Booch)	o r r e c t		e c t	Coleman)	o r r e c t	Technique (by Rumbaugh)	o r r e c t
M C	Why is Requirements Elicitation a difficult task?	Problem of scope	i n c o r r e c t	Problem of understanding	i n c o r r e c t	Problem of volatility	i n c o r r e c t	All of the mentioned	c o r r e c t
M C	How many Scenarios are there in elicitation activities?	One	i n c o r r e c t	Two	i n c o r r e c t	Three	i n c o r r e c t	Four	c o r r e c t
M C	Which of the following is not a diagram studied in Requirement Analysis?	Use Cases	i n c o r r e c t	Entity Relationship Diagram	i n c o r r e c t	State Transition Diagram	i n c o r r e c t	Activity Diagram	c o r r e c t
M C	The requirements that result from requirements analysis are typically expressed from one of three perspectives or views. What is that perspective or view?	Developer	i n c o r r e c t	User	i n c o r r e c t	Non-Functional	i n c o r r e c t	Physical	c o r r e c t
M C	Who controls the FAST (Facilitated Application Specification Techniques) meeting?	System Analyst	i n c o	Scribe	i n c o	Facilitator	c o r r	Manager	i n c o

			rr e ct		rr e ct	e ct		rr e ct	
M C	“Consider a system where, a heat sensor detects an intrusion and alerts the security company.” What kind of a requirement the system is providing?	Functional	c o r r e ct	Non-Functional	i n c o r r e ct	Know n Requir e ment	i n c o r r e ct	None of the mention ed	i n c o r r e ct
M C	Which of the following statements about SRS is/are true? I SRS is written by customer ii SRS is written by a developer iii SRS serves as a contract between customer and developer	Only i is true	i n c o r r e ct	Both ii and iii are true	i n c o r r e ct	All are true	c o r r e ct	None of the mention ed	i n c o r r e ct
M C	Use case descriptions consists of interaction among which of the following ?	Product	i n c o r r e ct	Use case	i n c o r r e ct	Actor	i n c o r r e ct	Product & Actor	c o r r e ct
M C	Which statements are considered correct in reference to use case diagram ?	A scenario is an interaction between product and particular interaction	i n c o r r e ct	A use case diagram represent a product’s use cases and actors involved in each use case	i n c o r r e ct	All of the mentio ned	c o r r e ct	None of the mention ed	i n c o r r e ct
M C	In dataflow diagram process is represented by a _____	circle	c o r r e ct	rectangle	i n c o r r	triangl e	i n c o r r	paralle ogram	i n c o r r



					ect		ect		ect
MC	A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is composed of which elements?	Data sources and destinations	incorrect	Data flows	incorrect	Transformation processes	incorrect	All of the above	incorrect
MC	Many documentation tools are available to explain how a system works. Which tool provides a graphical description of the sources and destinations of data as well as data flow within the organization and the processes that transform and store that data?	Data flow diagram	correct	Document flowchart	incorrect	Program flowchart	correct	System flowchart	incorrect
MC	Which of the following is not a guideline for drawing a Data Flow Diagram (DFD)?	Develop a context diagram	incorrect	Subdivide the DFD	incorrect	Determine system boundaries	incorrect	Display the physical location of data files	correct
TF	SRS is modifiable as the user requirements keep on changing	TRUE	FALSE						
TF	There are three main classifications of risks which can affect a software project: 1: Project risks 2: Technical risks 3: Business risks	TRUE	FALSE						
MC	Who can then check which risks from each class are relevant to the project.	project manager	correct	product manager	incorrect	sprint manager	incorrect	risk manager	incorrect

			ect		orrect		orrect		orrect
MC	Not having enough number of developers can delay the project delivery.This type of risk belongs to	known-unknown risk	incorrect	known-known risk	correct	unknown risk	correct	known risk	incorrect
MC	This is a fact known to the project team however whether the client has communicated all the information properly or not is unknown to the project	known-unknown risk	correct	known-known risk	incorrect	unknown risk	incorrect	known risk	incorrect
MC	The standard is divided into four parts which addresses, respectively, the following subjects: quality model; external metrics; internal metrics; and quality in use metrics.	ISO	correct	MC CALL	incorrect	both of given	incorrect	none	incorrect
TF	The ISO 9126 software quality model identifies 4 main quality characteristics, namely:Functionality, Reliability, Usability, Portability	FALSE	TRUE						
MC	The framework which is used to analyse the approach and techniques followed by any organization to develop a software product.	CMM	correct	ISO	correct	MC CALL	correct	All of the mentioned	incorrect

M C	The system of identifying addressing and eliminating these problems before they can damage the project is called _____	project management	i n c o r r e c t	testing	i n c o r r e c t	quality management	i n c o r r e c t	risk management	c o r r e c t
M C	Risk management activities in broad categories include	risk assesment and risk control	c o r r e c t	risk identification and risk avoidance	i n c o r r e c t	risk prioritization and risk elimination	i n c o r r e c t	risk identification and risk resolution	i n c o r r e c t
M C	Planning risk management involves	Avoid risk	i n c o r r e c t	Reduce risk	i n c o r r e c t	Transfer risk	i n c o r r e c t	All of the mentioned	c o r r e c t
M C	Risk associated with development team profesionales is called	Technical risk	i n c o r r e c t	People risk	c o r r e c t	Organization risk	i n c o r r e c t	software risk	i n c o r r e c t
M C	The testing technique in which functionality of the Application Under Test (AUT) is tested without looking at the internal code structure, implementation details and knowledge of internal paths of the software is called	functional testing	i n c o r r e c t	structural testing	i n c o r r e c t	Blackbox testing	c o r r e c t	glass box testing	i n c o r r e c t

M C	Black box testing type is related to the functional requirements of a system; it is done by software testers.	functional testing	c o r r e c t	structural testing	i n c o r r e c t	technic al testing	i n c o r r e c t	glass box testing	i n c o r r e c t
M C	_____ is done after code fixes, upgrades or any other system maintenance to check the new code has not affected the existing code.	Maintainanc e testing	i n c o r r e c t	Regression testing	c o r r e c t	structu re testing	i n c o r r e c t	risk testing	i n c o r r e c t
M C	Regression Testing is a type of	Black box testing	c o r r e c t	White Box Testing	i n c o r r e c t	functio n testing	i n c o r r e c t	non- function al testing	i n c o r r e c t
M C	EQP and BVA belongs to	Black box testing	c o r r e c t	White Box Testing	i n c o r r e c t	functio n testing	i n c o r r e c t	non- function al testing	i n c o r r e c t
M C	Testing of a software solution's internal structure, design, and coding. In this type of testing, the code is visible to the tester is called	Black box testing	i n c o r r e c t	White Box Testing	c o r r e c t	functio n testing	i n c o r r e c t	non- function al testing	i n c o r r e c t

M C	Statement coverage and Branch Coverage belongs to	Black box testing	i n c o r r e c t	White Box Testing	c o r r e c t	function testing	i n c o r r e c t	non-functional testing	i n c o r r e c t
M C	Acting as project leader, Liaison with stakeholders, Managing human resources, Setting up reporting hierarchy etc. belongs to which category of roles	People management	c o r r e c t	product management	i n c o r r e c t	Organization management	i n c o r r e c t	Project Management	i n c o r r e c t
M C	Defining and setting up project scope,Act as spoke person, Managing project management activities, Monitoring progress and performance,Risk analysis at every phase,Take necessary step to avoid or come out of problems. All these belong to which category of roles of Project manager	People management	i n c o r r e c t	product management	i n c o r r e c t	Organization management	i n c o r r e c t	Project Management	c o r r e c t