

Name:

Enrolment No:



**UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES**  
**End Semester Examination, May 2019**

**Course: Mathematics-II**

**Program: B.Tech (APE-UP, APE-GAS, CHEMICAL, GSE, GIE, FSE)**

**Course Code: MATH-1014**

**Semester: II**

**Time 03 hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions: All questions are compulsory.**

**SECTION A**

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Solve $(D^2 + 4DD' - 5D'^2)z = 0$ .	4	CO4
Q 2	Show that $x=0$ is a regular singular point of the equation $9x(1-x)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 12\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$	4	CO3
Q 3	Prove that $J_{1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{\pi x}\right)} \sin x$ .	4	CO3
Q 4	Solve $r \sin \theta d\theta + (r^3 - 2r^2 \cos \theta + \cos \theta) dr = 0$ .	4	CO2
Q 5	Prove that $\frac{d}{dx}(x^{-n} J_n(x)) = -x^{-n} J_{n+1}(x)$	4	CO3

**SECTION B**

Q 6	Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \sin x$ .	8	CO4
Q 7	Find the Laplace transform of $F(t) = \begin{cases} 1, 0 \leq t < 1 \\ t, 1 \leq t < 2 \\ t^2, 2 \leq t < \infty. \end{cases}$	8	CO1
Q 8	Find the solution in series of the equation $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + xy = 0$ .	8	CO3
Q 9	Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = e^{3x+2y}$ .	8	CO4

**OR**

Q 9	Solve $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 4 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} + 4 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x \partial y^2} = 4 \sin(2x + y)$ .	8	CO4
Q 10	Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \frac{1}{(1-x)^2}$ .	8	CO2
<b>OR</b>			
Q10	Evaluate $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \frac{e^{-x}}{x+2}$ .	8	CO2
<b>SECTION-C</b>			
Q 11 A	Find the solution of the Bessel equation $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + (x^2 - n^2) y = 0$ .	10	CO3
Q 11 B	Using the method of separation of variables, solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$ where $u(x, 0) = 6e^{-3x}$ .	10	CO4
Q 12 A	Evaluate by method of variation of parameters: $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2 \frac{dy}{dx} = e^x \sin x$ .	10	CO2
<b>OR</b>			
Q 12 A	Solve $\sin^2 x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 2y$ , given that $y = \cot x$ is a solution of it.	10	CO2
Q 12 B	A string is stretched and fastened to two points $l$ apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form $y = A \sin \frac{\pi x}{l}$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$ . Show that the displacement of any point at a distance $x$ from the one end at time $t$ is given by $y(x, t) = A \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{\pi ct}{l}$ .	10	CO4
<b>OR</b>			
Q 12 B	Solve the wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$ under the boundary conditions: $y = 0$ when $x = 0$ and $y = 0$ when $x = l$	10	CO4

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**SECTION A**

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Find the complete solution of $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 2 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} = 0$ .	4	CO4
Q 2	Prove that $J_{-1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{\pi x}\right)} \cos x$ .	4	CO3
Q 3	Show that $\frac{d}{dx}(x^n J_n(x)) = x^n J_{n-1}(x)$ .	4	CO3
Q 4	Solve $\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} + m^4 y = 0$ .	4	CO2
Q 5	Show that $x=0$ is an ordinary point of $(1-x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$ .	4	CO3

**SECTION B**

Q 6	Obtain the series solution for $x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} - xy = 0$ .	8	CO3
Q 7	Find the Inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{5s+3}{(s-1)(s^2+2s+5)}$	8	CO1
Q 8	Solve $(D^2 - 6DD' + 9D'^2)z = 12x^2 + 36xy$ .	8	CO4
Q 9	Find solution of the following linear partial differential equation $2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 5 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 5 \sin(2x+y)$ .	8	CO4

**OR**

Q 9	Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 3\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = x + y$ .	8	CO4
Q 10	Solve the differential equation $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = 8x^2 e^{2x} \sin 2x$ .	8	CO2
<b>OR</b>			
Q10	Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 4x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = e^{x^x}$ .	8	CO2
<b>SECTION-C</b>			
Q 11 A	Find the solution of the Legendre's equation $(1-x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + n(n+1)y = 0$ .	10	CO3
Q 11 B	Solve $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 2\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} = 2e^{2x} + 3x^2 y$ .	10	CO4
Q 12 A	Obtain the solution of differential equation by changing the independent variable: $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + (3 \sin x - \cot x) \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y \sin^2 x = e^{-\cos x} \sin^2 x$ .	10	CO2
<b>OR</b>			
Q 12 A	Solve $(D^4 + 2D^2 + 1)y = x^2 \cos x$ .	10	CO2
Q 12 B	Find the complete solution of the wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$ under the boundary conditions: $y=0$ when $x=0$ and $y=0$ when $x=l$	10	CO4
<b>OR</b>			
Q 12 B	A tightly stretched string of length $l$ with fixed ends is initially in equilibrium position. It is set vibrating by giving each point a velocity $v_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{l}$ . Find the displacement $y(x, t)$ .	10	CO4