Name:

Enrolment No:



Semester: VI

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY STUDIES End Semester Examination, May 2018

Course: Digital Communication

Program: B. Tech (Electronics Engineering)

Time: 03 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Instructions: Attempt all questions.

Answer must be brief and to the point. Diagrams must be neat and clean

SECTION A

S. No.		Marks	CO
Q 1	Define Nyquist theorem of sampling . Find the minimum sampling for a band pass signal limited from $50-75$ MHz.	5	CO1
Q 2	Draw the structure of E1 line. If 5 E1 lines are multiplexed and in between each line 10 synchronization bits are used, then find the minimum bandwidth required to transmit it.	5	CO2
Q 3	Why polar line coding and coherent detection is used in BPSK , whereas unipolar line coding and non-coherent detection is used in ASK ?	5	CO4
Q 4	Calculate the bandwidth required to transmit a signal using FSK technique. The input data rate is 160 kbps and carrier frequency is 50 kHz . Draw the spectrum too.	5	CO3
	SECTION B		
Q 5	Under what categories AMI line coding lacks behind Manchester line coding. Draw AMI, Manchester, B6ZS and HDB3 line coding for the input bit sequence 110000001000001 with proper bit timing.	10	CO4
Q 6	Write down the condition of error probability for both binary sequences. Find the probability of error of binary phase shift keying modulation scheme using white noise and matched filter analysis.	10	CO3

Q 7	Draw the block diagram of a MODEM using Binary Phase Shift Keying modulation scheme. If the rate of incoming bit is 20 kbps and the frequency of the carrier signal, fed to the modulator, is 900 kHz, then find the frequency at each path of the MODEM. or Draw the block diagram of a MODEM using Binary Frequency Shift Keying modulation scheme. If the rate of incoming bit is 20 kbps and the frequency of the carrier signal, fed to the modulator, is 900 kHz, then find the frequency at each path of the MODEM.	10	CO3		
Q 8	A signal is given as: $m(t) = Cos 62800t + Cos 314 \times 10^3 t$. It is ideally sampled and quantized using 512 level of quantization. The signal is transmitted using QPSK scheme, with the carrier frequency of 1.0 GHz. Determine the minimum bandwidth required to transmit the spectrum for first null point and second null point .	10	CO2		
SECTION-C					
Q 9	A student designed a DPSK modulator and modulator separately for the transmission and reception of a sequence of bits over a small distance in laboratory. The modulator was perfect without any error and shows a noise free waveform at its output display unit. The received signal at the demodulator also shows a good result on the eye diagram display unit and waveform display unit, but the received bits are not in sequence with the transmitting bits. What went wrong with the demodulation?	10	СОЗ		
Q 10	Encode the following using Huffman Coding technique. $[M] = M_1 M_2 M_3 M_4 M_5 M_6 M_7 M_8 M_9 M_{10} \\ [P] = 0.20 0.10 0.12 0.05 0.07 0.15 0.05 0.03 0.14 0.09$	10	CO2		
Q 11	An engineer designed a digital link between two stations. The stations are 1500 km apart and there is direct line of communication radio link between the two stations. The maximum allowable bandwidth supported by the link is 40 kHz. The engineer recorded a speech signal for 5 minutes. The maximum allowable frequency of this speech signal was limited to 10 kHz. It was converted into streams of 0s and 1s using PCM technique. The number of bits required to encode one sampled signal is 6. The PCM signal is fed into a modulator operating at 750 MHz of carrier frequency. Which type of digital modulation scheme the engineer has to choose for an uninterrupted transmission? Also determine the range of frequencies over the wireless link in which the transmission happens.	20	CO4		